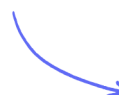


# Practice Paper 1B

Scan here to return to the course  
or visit [savemyexams.com](https://www.savemyexams.com)

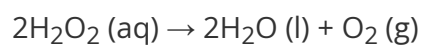


---

Total Marks

/25

- 1 (a)** A student investigated the effect of temperature on the rate of hydrogen peroxide ( $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ ) decomposition using manganese(IV) oxide ( $\text{MnO}_2$ ) as a catalyst. The volume of oxygen gas produced in the first 20 seconds was measured at five different temperatures.



Temperature / °C	Volume of $\text{O}_2$ produced / $\text{cm}^3$
20	6.2
30	10.7
40	15.6
50	22.3
60	23.1
70	23.3
80	23.2

- (i) Describe the trend shown in the data.

[1]

- (ii) Use particle theory to explain the effect of increasing temperature on the rate of reaction.

[2]

---

---

..... (3 marks)

(b) (i) Calculate the average rate of reaction at 50 °C in  $\text{cm}^3 \text{s}^{-1}$ .

[1]

(ii) Calculate the percentage increase in rate when the temperature is raised from 40 °C to 50 °C.

[2]

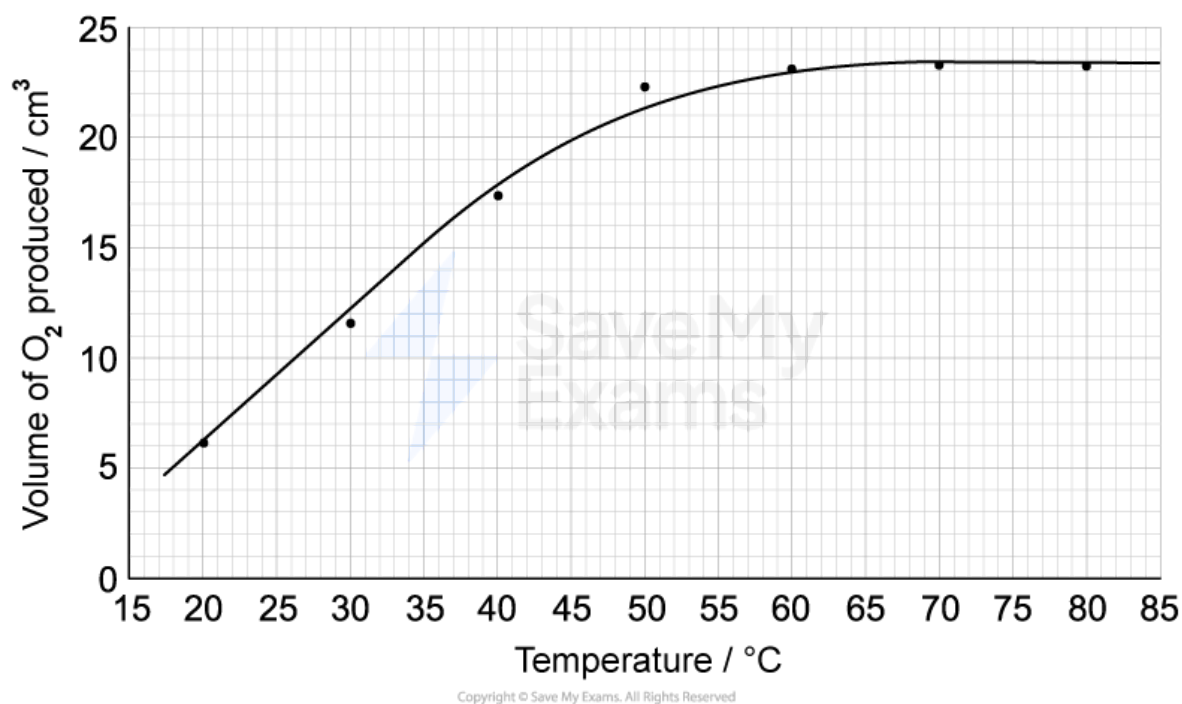
..... (3 marks)

(c) Explain why there is only a small increase in rate between 50 °C and 60 °C.

..... (2 marks)

(d) The student repeats the experiment without  $\text{MnO}_2$ .

(i) Sketch a second curve on the grid below to show how the reaction rate would differ without a catalyst. Label the curve.



[1]

(ii) Explain why the catalyst affects the rate.

[2]

.....

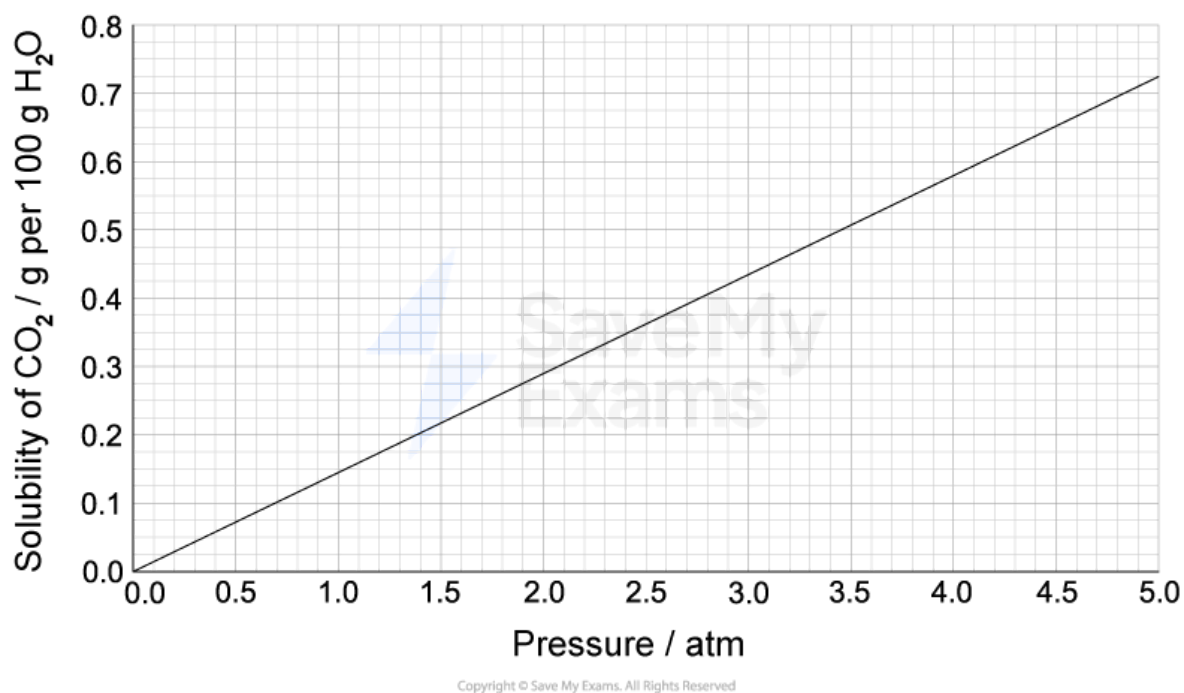
.....

..... (3 marks)

(e) Suggest one procedural improvement the student could make to increase accuracy in measuring the volume of gas produced.

..... (1 mark)

- 2 (a)** The graph below shows how the solubility of carbon dioxide ( $\text{CO}_2$ ) in water changes with pressure at a constant temperature of  $25^\circ\text{C}$ .



- (i) Describe the trend shown by the graph.

[1]

- (ii) State the type of relationship shown between pressure and solubility.

[1]

(2 marks)

- (b)** Explain the trend using ideas about particle behaviour.

(2 marks)

**(c)** (i) Use the graph to determine the solubility of  $\text{CO}_2$  at 2.5 atm.

[1]

(ii) Use the graph to determine the pressure needed for a solubility of 0.580 g per 100 g  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ .

[1]

.....

..... **(2 marks)**

**(d)** Explain why the graph passes through the origin.

..... **(1 mark)**

**(e)** (i) Explain why increasing the temperature would reduce the solubility of  $\text{CO}_2$  in water.

[2]

(ii) Predict how the graph would look if temperature increased.

[1]

.....

.....

..... **(3 marks)**

**(f)** Suggest one real-world situation that relies on the solubility of gases in liquids.

..... **(1 mark)**

**(g)** Explain why the dissolution of  $\text{CO}_2$  in water is considered an exothermic process.

.....

..... **(2 marks)**